



PILLAR FIRE HYDRANT WITH FRACTURE SYSTEM type LNH1

<Two in one = hydrant + isolating pre-valve>

<Double reliability = use even when main valve is defective>

<high flow Kv = 142 m³/h>

PROCUREMENT DATA *1

- * Name: Fragile above ground fire hydrant
- * Made in accordance with the standard EN14384*2
- * Nominal sizes: DN80, PN16
- * With isolation „prevalve” *With control valve
- * Use even when the main valve seal is broken
- * With the blocking of unauthorized activation, or not
- * Flow Kv [m³/h]: (for Di=2x50) → min 140
- * Activation moment MOT: <60 Nm (Class 1)
- * Repair of the main valve: the other hydrants remain in operation, without digging up the ground and without dismantling the hydrant body
- * Break (4.1) of the hydrant body: without damage to the underground part of the hydrant and without water leakage (with the condition "proper foundation");*3
- * Breaking force F: max 1200 daN

- * Input connection:
 - Flange EN1092-2 (DN80, PN16) (DN100, PN16)
 - Particular request, "describe"

- * Nominal height Hi:
 - (1300) (1500) (1800) mm
 - Particular request, "describe"

- * Outlet opening Di:
 - (2x50+1x65) mm
 - Particular request, "describe"

- * Output couplings: → Specify label and standard

- * Drainage:
 - With → D1
 - Without → D2 (particular request)

- * Medium: Water (technical) (drinking)

- * Deliver documents:
 - "Prospect";
 - "Test Report", issued by an "authorized body";
 - Valid "Certificate of Conformity", issued by an "authorized body"

*1 → If necessary, "omit/add"

*2 → **The standard determines the min. performance, and recommends the better**

Appearance:

1. Inlet flange
2. Isolation "pre-valve"
3. Obturator - "main valve"
4. Body 4.1 Place of breaking due to force F
5. Blocking of unauthorized activation
6. Control valve (safety; sealing)
7. Output couplings
8. Identification plate ("CE", "Kv", ...)
9. **Drainage drain:** (not defined by the standard)

type D1:

- 9.1 Drain valve
- 9.2 Drain pipe
- 9.3 Stones *4 → (16÷31) mm

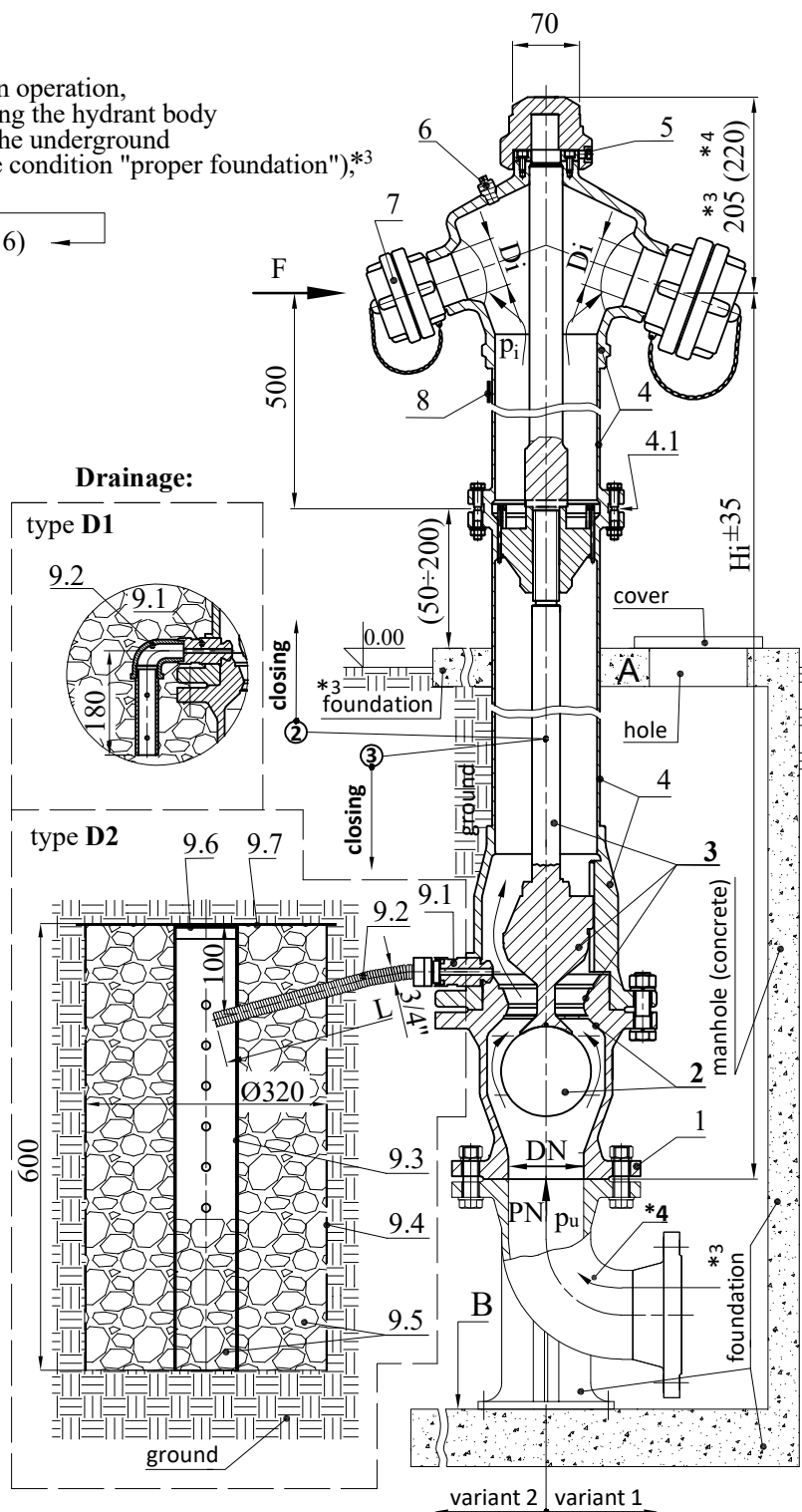
type D2:

- 9.1 Drain valve
- 9.2 Drain pipe → (L=?) mm
- 9.3 Distribution pipe
- 9.4 Wired basket
- 9.5 Stones *4 → (16÷31) mm
- 9.6 Cover
- 9.7 Plastic foil*4

*4 → **Provided by the buyer**



Appearance





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Basic technical characteristics:

* **Safe = compliant with the requirements of the standard EN 14384 = CE**

* **Purpose:** Taking water from underground pipelines for fire fighting and communal needs

* **See "Order information" L1/2**

* **Flow:** $K_v=142 \text{ m}^3/\text{h}$, for $D_i=2 \times 50$

* **Moment of activation Mot: max 50 Nm (Class 1)**

* **breaking force**..... $F=1100 \text{ daN}$

* **foundation**

* **weight** $\sim (53 \div 67) \text{ daN}$ for $H_i (1300 \div 1800) \text{ mm}$

* **materials:**

- hydrant bodynodular cast / stainless steel
- obturator seat.....brass
- outlet couplings.....aluminium
- spindlestainless steel
- sealants.....elastomers

Advantages:

* Isolation pre-valve (2) inside the hydrant, automatic, self-blocking, which enables:

- the use of a hydrant even when the main valve (3) is defective,

- that the other hydrants remain in operation even when the main valve seal is replaced

- to omit a separate isolation valve in front of the hydrant,

- lower cost of procurement and maintenance of the hydrant network.

* **High flow:** $K_v=142 \text{ m}^3/\text{h}$, for $D_i=2 \times 50$

* **In case of breakage due to force F: the hydrant remains closed, and the part of the hydrant below the breakage point remains undamaged,**

* **Replacing the main valve seal: without digging up the ground and without disassembling the body,**

* **Possibility of blocking (6) unauthorized activation,**

* **The main valve seal is conical, self-flushing = dirt retention prevented = longer service life of the seal,**

* **Great strength of the obturator and the body of the hydrant, $M_sT > 250 \text{ Nm}$,**

* **Easy activation: Class 1, MOT < 50 Nm (max allowed 125 Nm; Class 3),**

* **Quick activation: 1 turn until water appears, 8 turns until maximum flow (max. 15 turns allowed),**

* **High reliability of the drainage system = two outlet openings, and self-flushing drainage valve**

* **The possibility (6) of easy control of the correctness of the hydrant,**

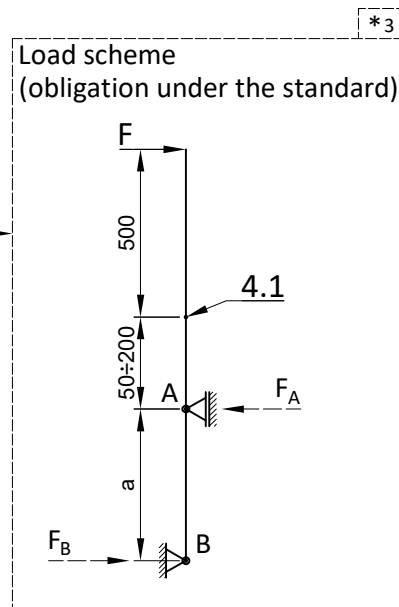
* **Obturator tightness even after 1000 activations,**

* **The amount of residual water in the hydrant body, < 80 cm³ (max. allowed 100 cm³),**

* **Fast drainage, $\leq 5 \text{ min}$ (allowed max. 10 min/m),**

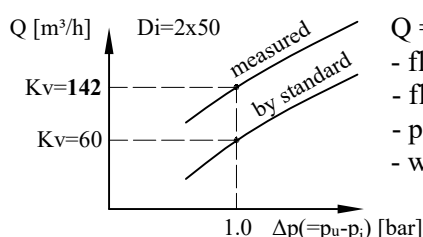
* **Easy replacement of seat, main valve (3) and pre-valve (2)**

* **Drainage valve (9.1) repair; from the outside, partial excavation, and without dismantling the hydrant body.(4)**



Documents with the delivery of hydrant:

- * Declaration of Performance, or Certificate of Constancy of Performance
- * Instruction for safety work (installation, handling, inspection, maintenance, guarantee)



$$Q = K_v \times (1000 \Delta p / \rho)^{1/2}$$

- flow..... $Q \text{ [m}^3/\text{h]}$

- flow coefficient..... $K_v \text{ [m}^3/\text{h]}$

- pressure difference..... $\Delta p \text{ [bar]}$

- water density..... $\rho \text{ [kg/m}^3]$

